Boosting Research Proficiency:

INTEGRATING MICROCREDENTIALS WITHIN CORE FACILITIES

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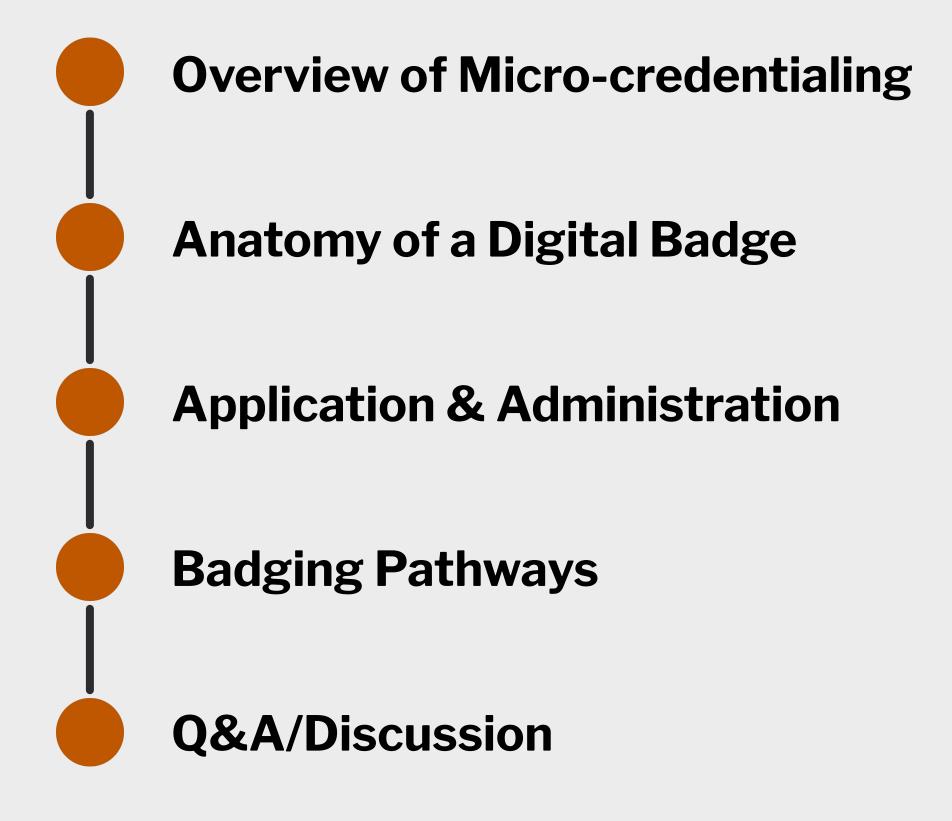
The University of Texas at Austin Research Core Facilities
Vice President for Research, Scholarship

Vice President for Research, Scholarship and Creative Endeavors

Boosting Research Proficiency

Micro-credentialing is becoming a powerful tool to enhance and validate specialized skills.

Tailored micro-credentials can elevate researcher proficiency and cultivate a culture of continuous learning.





A few questions...

- Are you familiar with the terms micro-credential and digital badge?
- 1s your institution supporting and utilizing digital badging?
- Have you earned a digital badge or completed a micro-credentialing course or program?

Overview

What are Digital Badges?

- Recognize skills, knowledge, and abilities beyond traditional degrees.
- Customizable to reflect achievements like workshops, certifications, or specialized training.

Why They Matter:

- Flexible: Tailored to various learning experiences.
- Shareable: Display on LinkedIn, resumes, and websites.
- Validated: Unique URL verifies each badge's authenticity.

How They Work:

- Awarded automatically via online platforms or manually by administrators.
- Provide a transparent and efficient way for employers to assess qualifications.

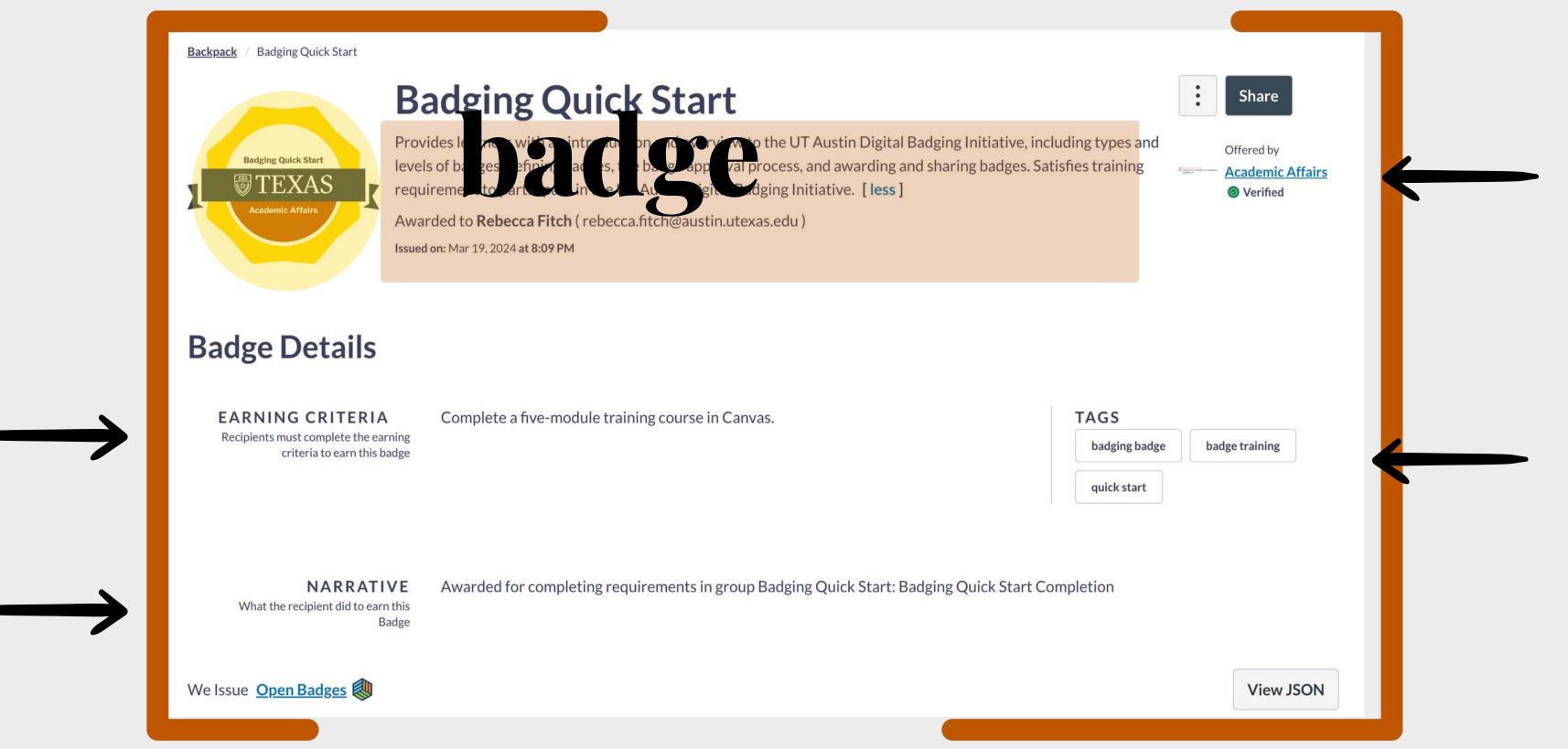








Anatomy of a digital





Address Unique Needs



Create a Structured Framework

Why

use

them?



Highlight Key Competencies



Increase Visibility



Promote Lifelong Learning



Administration



Badging Administrator

The administrator is responsible for guiding requestors through the process and managing the overall program. They ensure everything runs smoothly from the request to the award phase.



Badging Review Board or Oversight Process

This board or process
ensures the integrity and
value of the badges. They
review criteria, ensure
consistency across different
departments, and safeguard
the program's credibility.



Badge Awarder

The person or team responsible for ensuring that badges are awarded only to individuals who meet the program's defined requirements.

Badge



Intermediate Microscopy

People that earn this badge have completed training on the compound microscope including operation, basic cleaning, and putting the microscope away. The know appropriate terminology describe microscope components, how to log problems, how to make a wet mount and how to examine specimens up to 400X.

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Offered b

<u>Las Positas College Biology</u> <u>Department</u>

Badge Details

EARNING CRITERIA

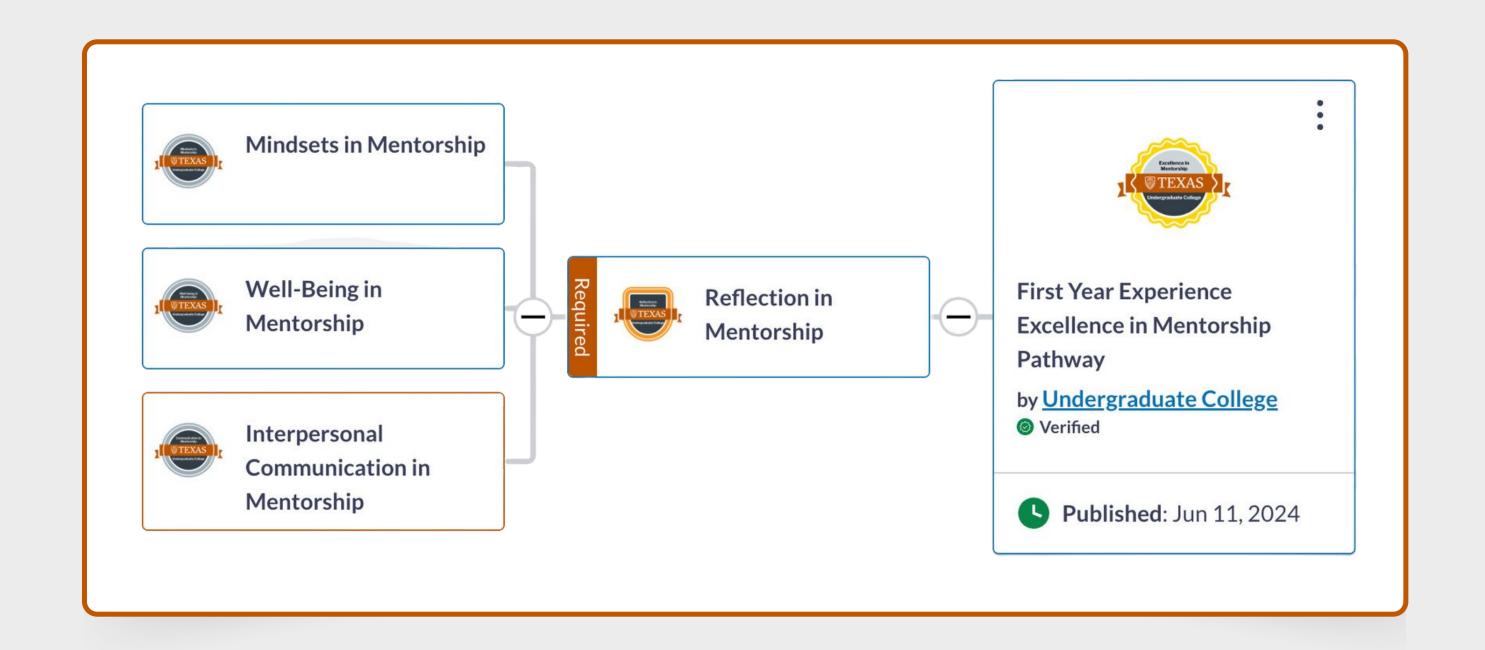
Recipients must complete the earning criteria to earn this badge

- Remove microscope from storage shelf with two hands: one on the handhold at the base and one on the arm
- Turn on the power and set light intensity knob
- Rotate observation tube and oculars so that oculars are centered on the stage
- · Place slide in stage clip
- · Center slide using adjustment knobs
- Adjust oculars to appropriate interpupillary distance and bring into initial focus using the 4X, then 10X, then 40X objective.
- · Adjust the iris diaphragm to increase/decrease the amount of light
- Position eyepiece pointer
- Remove slides by reducing magnification and using stage slip lever
- · Center stage, rotate oculars, turn off illuminator, wrap cord, put away
- · Clean objectives only with optical lens paper
- Make wet mount slides by placing a drop of sample on the coverslip at a 45 degree angle to eliminate air bubbles
- Calculate magnification of a specific objective
- Troubleshoot lack of light on sample, slide not in focus, and dirty eyepiece.

Badge: Intermediate Microscopy Critical work function - Operate a compound microscope and prepare slides	
Performance Indicators	Employability Skills
How do we know when the task is performed well?	Academic knowledge and skills assessments required for badge
 Complete training on microscope Microscope is operated properly in accordance with established procedures Microscope is kept clean and in operating condition Microscopes is put away correctly Appropriate terminology is used to describe microscope Logbooks are maintained and include any malfunction, calibration, cleaning, and preventative maintenance 	 Remove microscope from storage shelf with two hands: one on the handhold at the base and one on the arm Turn on the power and set light intensity knob Rotate observation tube and oculars so that oculars are centered on the stage Place slide in stage clip Center slide using adjustment knobs Adjust oculars to appropriate interpupillary distance and bring into initial focus using the 4X, then 10X, then 40X objective. Adjust the iris diaphragm to increase/decrease the amount of light Position eyepiece pointer Remove slides by reducing magnification and using stage slip lever Center stage, rotate oculars, turn off illuminator, wrap cord, put away Clean objectives only with optical lens paper Make wet mount slides by placing a drop of sample on the coverslip at a 45 degree angle to eliminate air bubbles Calculate magnification of a specific objective Troubleshoot lack of light on sample, slide not in focus, and dirty eyepiece.

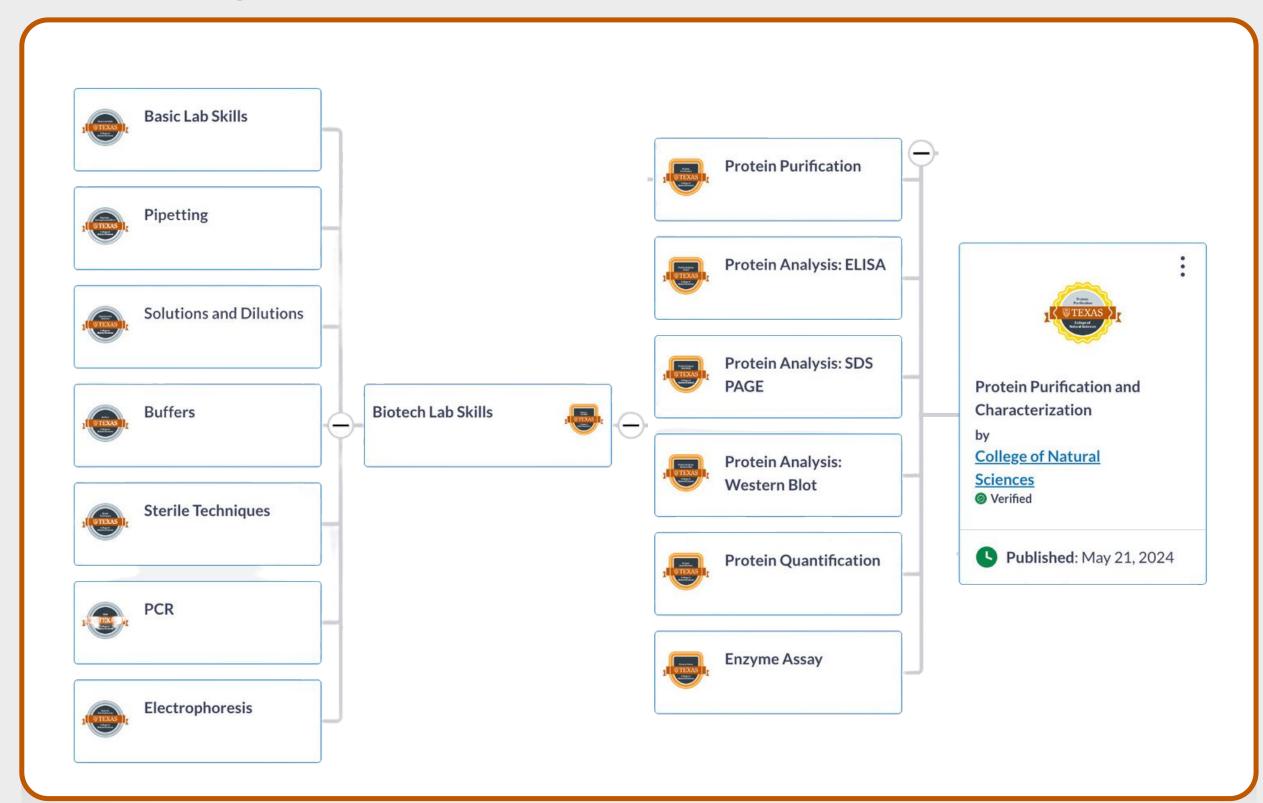


Pathways





Pathways



Discussion

- What potential hurdles or challenges do you anticipate in implementing a micro-credential program within your core facility?
- What value do you see in offering micro-credentials to researchers, staff, or students within the context of your facility?
- Can you think of specific ways your facility could incorporate digital badging to recognize skills or achievements?

Thank

you.

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